

adaptTo()

APACHE SLING & FRIENDS TECH MEETUP
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Rookie Session: JCR & Sling
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JCR

What is a JCR?

Content Repository API
for Java

1.0

2.0

JCR

- JCR 1.0

- JSR-170

- <http://www.day.com/specs/jcr/1.0/index.html>



2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013

- JCR 2.0

- JSR-283

- <http://www.day.com/specs/jcr/2.0/index.html>

What is a JCR?

Content Repository API
for Java

1.0

2.0

JCR

Goal:

A Unified interface to
Content Repositories.

Motto:

Everything Is
Content

CONTENT REPOSITORY

FEATURES OF AN

RDBMS

Transactions, Query, Structure, Integrity

FEATURES OF A

FILESYSTEM

Binaries, Hierarchy, Locking, Access Control

+

ALL THE OTHER

GOOD STUFF

YOU ALWAYS WANTED

Unstructured, Versioning, Full-text,
Multi-Value, Sort-Order, Observation

What Is Content?

Application domain specific content

Articles

Blog posts

Comments

Assets

Structured data

Address records in a DB

Spreadsheet like data

Unstructured data

PDFs

Word Docs

XML Docs

CSVs

Functional data

Workflow definitions

ACLs

Code

Comparison: JCR vs. RDBMS

	JCR	RDBMS
Structure	Unstructured, semi-unstructured, Structured	Structured
Navigation	Navigation API, traversal access, direct access, write access	Not supported
Access control	Record level	Table and column level
Version control	Supported	Not supported
Code complexity	Simple for navigation Complex for operations	Complex for navigation Simple for operations
Changeability	More agile Decoupled from the application	More rigid Coupled with the application

JCR vs. RDBMS

~~Better or Worse?~~

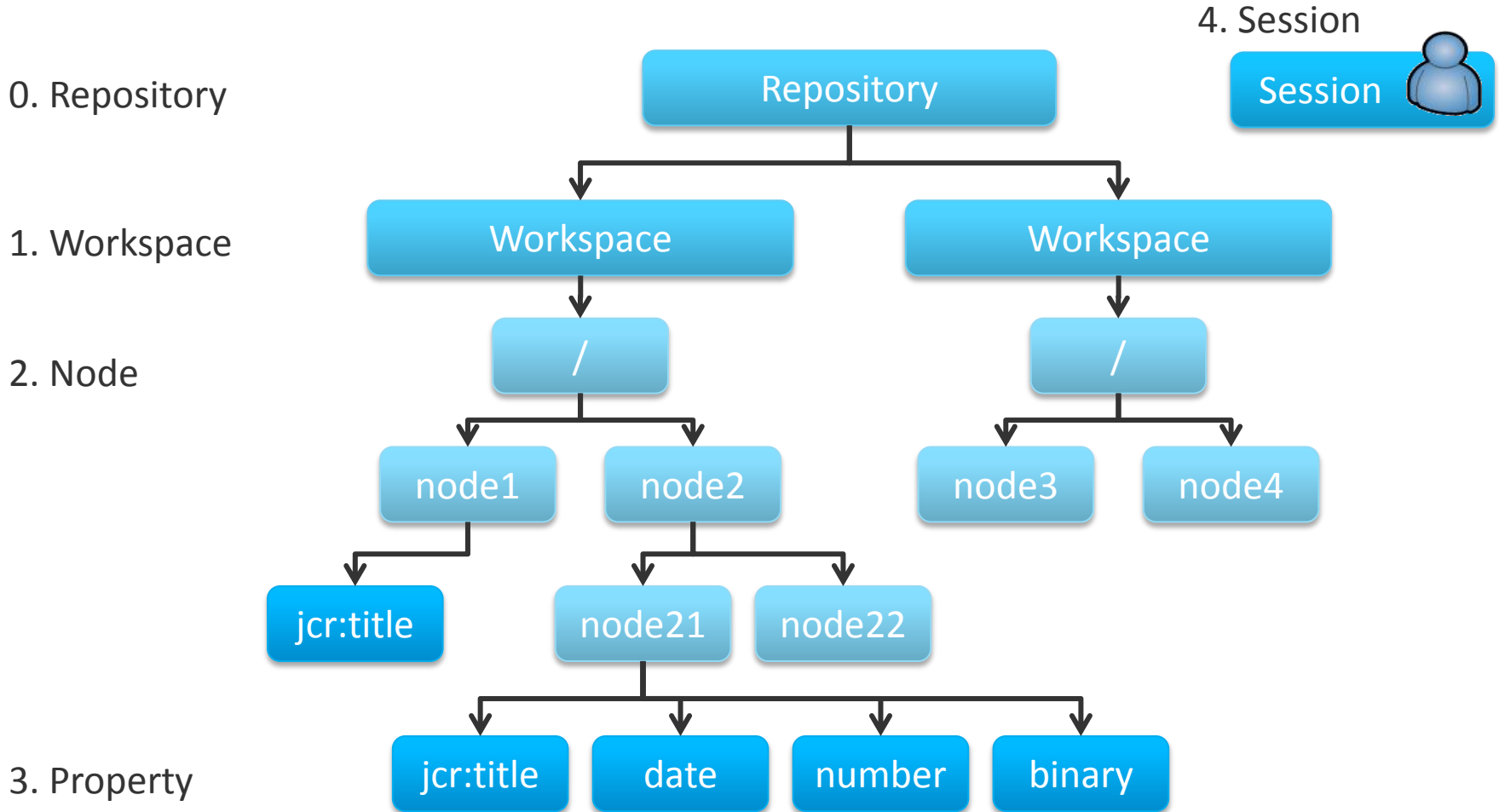
Best solution for given scenario
and requirements

~~JCR replaces RDBMS~~

JCR provides an alternative data model for
specific requirements of CMS and
collaborative applications

**The choice of technology should be dictated by
Requirements and best possible fit for problem solving.**

Hierarchical Structure of JCR



Dive into JCR with CRX DE

path to current node



current session

admin@crx.default

/content/adappto/2013/day1/rookie-session/discussion/entry1

CRXDE | Lite

Content Repository Extreme Development Environment Lite

Enter search term to search the repository

Workspace tree view with current node highlighted

properties of current node

Name	Type	Value	Protected	Mandatory	Multiple	Auto Created
1 author	String	John Doe	false	false	false	false
2 jcr:created	Date	2013-09-20T18:10:18.131+02:00	true	false	false	true
3 jcr:createdBy	String	admin	true	false	false	true
4 jcr:primaryType	Name	slings:OrderedFolder	true	true	false	true
5 sling:resourceType	String	/apps/rookiedemo/components/social/comment	false	false	false	false
6 text	String	This was new to me.	false	false	false	false



- Every Node has a **Primary Nodetype**
 - Nodetypes define mandatory or optional properties, data types and subnodes
 - Default: **nt:unstructured** – Does not define properties or subnodes = free data structure
 - **nt:folder** – comparable to folder in file system
 - **nt:file** and **nt:resource** – files/binary data
- Additionally a node can have an arbitrary number of Mixins:
 - Examples: **mix:title**, **mix:referencable**
- Hint: **Nodetypes** are useful in Queries

jcr:title

- Contains the data of the nodes
- Data Types
 - STRING
 - LONG
 - DOUBLE
 - DECIMAL
 - BOOLEAN
 - DATE
 - BINARY
 - REFERENCE
 - ...
- Multivalued Data Type
 - STRING[]

```
String readJcrContent(Session pSession) throws RepositoryException {

    // get node directly
    Node day1 = pSession.getNode("/content/adaptto/2013/day1");

    // get first child node
    Node firstTalk = day1.getNodes().nextNode();

    // read property values
    String title = firstTalk.getProperty("jcr:title").getString();
    long duration = firstTalk.getProperty("durationMin").getLong();

    // read multi-valued property
    Value[] tagValues = firstTalk.getProperty("tags").getValues();
    String[] tags = new String[tagValues.length];
    for (int i=0; i<tagValues.length; i++) {
        tags[i] = tagValues[i].getString();
    }

    return "First talk: " + title + " (" + duration + " min)\n"
        + "Tags: " + Arrays.toString(tags) + "\n"
        + "Path: " + firstTalk.getPath();
}
```

Write

```
void writeJcrContent(Session pSession) throws RepositoryException {  
  
    // get node directly  
    Node talk = pSession.getNode("/content/adaptto/2013/day1/rookie-session");  
  
    // write property values  
    talk.setProperty("jcr:title", "My Rookie Session");  
    talk.setProperty("durationMin", talk.getProperty("durationMin").getLong() + 10);  
    talk.setProperty("tags", new String[] { "Sling", "JCR", "Rookie" });  
  
    // save changes to repository (implicit transaction)  
    pSession.save();  
}
```

- The structure and evaluation semantics of a query are defined by an *abstract query model* (AQM)
 - *JCR-SQL2*, which expresses a query as a string with syntax similar to SQL
 - *JCR-JQOM* (JCR Java Query Object Model), which expresses a query as a tree of Java objects.
 - *XPath* was introduced in JCR 1.0 and while deprecated in JCR 2.0 it is still well-supported by Jackrabbit/CRX.


```
String queryJcrContent(Session pSession) throws RepositoryException {

    // get query manager
    QueryManager queryManager = pSession.getWorkspace().getQueryManager();

    // query for all nodes with tag "JCR"
    Query query = queryManager.
        createQuery("/jcr:root/content/adaptto//*[tags='JCR']", Query.XPATH);

    // iterate over results
    QueryResult result = query.execute();
    NodeIterator nodes = result.getNodes();
    StringBuilder output = new StringBuilder();
    while (nodes.hasNext()) {
        Node node = nodes.nextNode();
        output.append("path=" + node.getPath() + "\n");
    }

    return output.toString();
}
```

More info on Queries:

Specification: http://www.day.com/specs/jcr/2.0/6_Query.html

JBoss DNA: <http://docs.jboss.org/modeshape/0.7/manuals/reference/html/jcr-query-and-search.html>

- David's model:
<http://wiki.apache.org/jackrabbit/DavidsModel>
- Content first, structure later, maybe.
- Drive the content hierarchy, don't let it happen.
- Files are files are files.

- **Tools to use to access JCR**
 - **Free**
 - Jackrabbit explorer
 - <https://code.google.com/p/jackrabbitexplorer/>
 - Eclipse plugins
 - <http://jcrbrowser.sourceforge.net/>
 - **Commercial**
 - CRX DE Lite
 - http://dev.day.com/docs/en/crx/current/developing/development_tools/developing_with_crxde_lite.html

Sling

Sling - History



Why the name Sling?

Why the name Sling?

[The name is] Biblical in nature. The story of David: the weapon he uses to slay the giant Goliath is a sling. Hence, our David's favorite weapon.

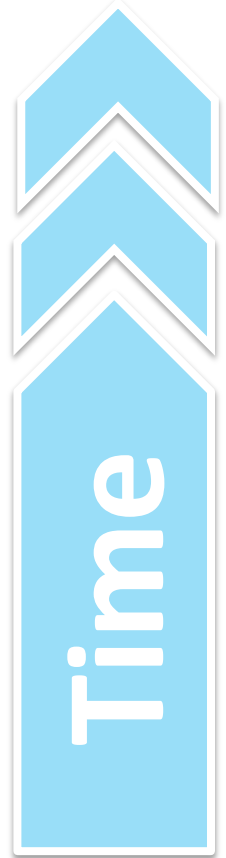
David Nuescheler
(former CTO of Day Software)

It is also the simplest device for delivering content very fast.

Since **June 2009** Apache top level project.

Since **September 2007** Apache Incubator project.

Started as an internal project at Day Software.



- Web Application Framework
- JCR for content storage
 - or other data sources using ResourceProviders
- Process HTTP requests in a RESTful way
- Scripts or Servlets for processing
- OSGi for deploying modules at runtime

Sling encourages REST

- Thinking in resources
(mapped to JCR Nodes)



Sling encourages REST

- Thinking in resources
(mapped to JCR Nodes)
- Representation selection (HTML, Atom, PDF...) via part of URI
- Uniform interface for content handling:
GET + POST + PUT + DELETE

UnRESTful URL:

<http://localhost/schedule.jsp?event=1&year=2013&id=1&format=JSON>

RESTful URLs:

<http://localhost:4502/content/adaptto/2013/day1/rookie-session.json>

<http://localhost:4502/content/adaptto/2013/day1/rookie-session.xml>

URL Decomposition Examples

`http://host/content/adaptto/2013/day1/rookie-session.html`

Resource path

Extension

`http://host/content/adaptto.tagsearch.html/Sling`

Resource path

Selector

Extension

Suffix

<http://localhost:4502/content/adappto/2013/day1/rookie-session.json>

```
{
  durationMin: 135,
  jcr:description: "Basic introduction to JCR and Sling",
  speaker: "Andres Pegam, Stefan Seifert",
  sling:resourceType: "/apps/rookiedemo/components/talk",
  jcr:createdBy: "admin",
  jcr:title: "Rookie-Session: JCR & Sling",
  - tags: [
    "Sling",
    "JCR"
  ],
  startDate: "20130923T081500Z",
  jcr:created: "Sat Sep 21 2013 23:23:16 GMT+0200",
  endDate: "20130923T103000Z",
  jcr:primaryType: "sling:OrderedFolder"
}
```

<http://localhost:4502/content/adappto/2013/day1/rookie-session.xml>

```
- <rookie-session jcr:primaryType="sling:OrderedFolder" durationMin="135" endDate="20130923T103000Z"
jcr:created="2013-09-21T23:23:16.837+02:00" jcr:createdBy="admin" jcr:description="Basic introduction to JCR and Sling"
jcr:title="Rookie-Session: JCR & Sling" sling:resourceType="/apps/rookiedemo/components/talk" speaker="Andres Pegam, Stefan Seifert"
startDate="20130923T081500Z">
+ <discussion jcr:primaryType="sling:OrderedFolder" jcr:created="2013-09-21T23:23:16.837+02:00" jcr:createdBy="admin">
  </discussion>
</rookie-session>
```

- Resources are typed.
 - `slings:resourceType`
- Used in script resolution.
- Inheritance.
 - `slings:resourceSuperType`
- Similar to a path.
 - Because ResourceTypes are Resources themselves

JSP Example: Simple HTML view

Resource Type: `/apps/rookiedemo/components/talk`

JSP Script in JCR: `/apps/rookiedemo/components/talk/html.jsp`



```

<!doctype html>
<%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core"%>
<%@taglib prefix="sling" uri="http://sling.apache.org/taglibs/sling"%>
<sling:defineObjects/>
<sling:adaptTo var="props" adaptable="${resource}" adaptTo="org.apache.sling.api.resource.ValueMap"/>

<html>
  <body>

    <!-- Output talk properties -->
    <h1><c:out value="${props['jcr:title']}" /></h1>
    <p><c:out value="${props['jcr:description']}" /></p>
    <p><em><c:out value="${props.speaker}" />, ${props.durationMin} min</em></p>

  </body>
</html>

```

JSP Example: vCalendar view

Resource Type: `/apps/rookiedemo/components/talk`

JSP Script in JCR: `/apps/rookiedemo/components/talk/vcs.jsp`

Script type
Extension resolution mapping

```
<%@page contentType="text/calendar; charset=UTF-8" %>
<%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core"%>
<%@taglib prefix="sling" uri="http://sling.apache.org/taglibs/sling"%>
<sling:defineObjects/>
<sling:adaptTo var="props" adaptable="{resource}" adaptTo="org.apache.sling.api.resource.ValueMap"/>

<!-- Output talk details as vCalendar to import in mail client -->
BEGIN:VCALENDAR
VERSION:1.0
BEGIN:VEVENT
DTSTART:${props.startDate}
DTEND:${props.endDate}
DESCRIPTION;ENCODING=QUOTED-PRINTABLE:<c:out value="{props['jcr:description']}" />
SUMMARY:<c:out value="{props['jcr:title']}" />
PRIORITY:3
END:VEVENT
END:VCALENDAR
```


What does adaptTo() do?

- adaptTo() allows to “get a view of the same object in terms of another class”
 - Content is kept encapsulated.
 - Functionality is abstracted from content.
 - Implementing classes are not constrained by inheritance hierarchy.
 - Yet another form of polymorphism.
- Example: Resource to ValueMap to access the properties of a resource

JSP Example: Iterate over resources

JSP Script in JCR: `/apps/rookiedemo/components/common/childlist.jsp`
(included in other views via `sling:include`)

```
<%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core"%>
<%@taglib prefix="sling" uri="http://sling.apache.org/taglibs/sling"%>

<sling:defineObjects/>

<ul>

  <!-- Iterate over all child resources from current resource -->
  <sling:listChildren var="children" resource="${resource}"/>
  <c:forEach var="child" items="${children}">
    <sling:adaptTo var="props" adaptable="${child}" adaptTo="org.apache.sling.api.resource.ValueMap"/>
    <li>
      <a href="${child.path}.html"><c:out value="${props['jcr:title']}" /></a>
    </li>
  </c:forEach>

</ul>
```

Sling supports different types of includes to support script modularization

<slings:call script=“...”/>

- Comparable to `jsp:include`, but supports resource type inheritance for script resolution.

<slings:include path=“...”/>

- Directly include a path with resource type defined in content.

<slings:include resourceType=“...”/>

- Render resource using a different resource type.

Optionally use `add/replaceSelectors`, `replaceSuffix`

Sling script inclusion examples

Example for `sling:call`

```
<!-- Include html_head script inherited from super component "common" -->
<sling:call script="html_head.jsp"/>
```

Example for `sling:include`: replace selectors to force rendering with different script

```
<!-- Include childlist via selector view inherited from super component "common" -->
<sling:include replaceSelectors="childlist"/>
```

Example for `sling:include`: render current resource with different resource type

```
<!-- Integrate java-based sling component via it's resource type to render previous/next links -->
<sling:include resourceType="/apps/rookiedemo/components/resourceSiblingNavigator"/>
```

Example for `sling:include`: iterate over children and render each child with its own resource type

```
<!-- Render all existing comments -->
<sling:getResource var="discussionResource" path="{resource.path}/discussion"/>
<sling:listChildren var="children" resource="{discussionResource}"/>
<c:forEach var="child" items="{children}">
  <sling:include resource="{child}"/>
</c:forEach>
```

Servlet Example: Previous/Next links

Servlet in OSGi Bundle: org.adapto.demo.rookie.components.ResourceSiblingNavigator

```

@SlingServlet(resourceTypes="/apps/rookiedemo/components/resourceSiblingNavigator")
public class ResourceSiblingNavigator extends SlingSafeMethodsServlet {

    protected void doGet(SlingHttpServletRequest pRequest, SlingHttpServletResponse pResponse)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        Writer out = pResponse.getWriter();

        // get previous/next sibling
        Resource previousResource = null;
        Resource currentResource = null;
        Resource nextResource = null;
        for (Resource sibling : pRequest.getResource().getParent().getChildren()) {
            if (currentResource!=null) {
                nextResource = sibling;
                break;
            }
            else if (StringUtils.equals(sibling.getPath(), pRequest.getResource().getPath())) {
                currentResource = pRequest.getResource();
            }
            else {
                previousResource = sibling;
            }
        }

        // anchor for previous/next sibling
        if (previousResource!=null) {
            out.write(" | <a href=\"" + previousResource.getPath() + ".html\">Previous</a>");
        }
        if (nextResource!=null) {
            out.write(" | <a href=\"" + nextResource.getPath() + ".html\">Next</a>");
        }
    }
}

```

JSP Script in JCR: /apps/rookiedemo/components/index/tagsearch.jsp

Selector resolution mapping

```

<!doctype html>
<%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core"%>
<%@taglib prefix="fn" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/functions"%>
<%@taglib prefix="sling" uri="http://sling.apache.org/taglibs/sling"%>
<sling:defineObjects/>

<!-- Extract tag name from suffix (remove leading slash), and build XPath query -->
<c:set var="tagName" value="{fn:substring(slingRequest.requestPathInfo.suffix,1,100)}"/>
<c:set var="xpathQuery" value="/jcr:root${resource.path}//*[tags='${tagName}']"/>

<html>
<body>
  <h1>adaptTo() Rookie Demo - Search by tag: <c:out value="{tagName}"/></h1>

  <!-- Execute XPath query and display results -->
  <sling:findResources var="searchResult" query="{xpathQuery}" language="xpath"/>
  <ul>
    <c:forEach var="child" items="{searchResult}">
      <sling:adaptTo var="props" adaptable="{child}" adaptTo="org.apache.sling.api.resource.ValueMap"/>
      <li>
        <a href="{child.path}.html"><c:out value="{props['jcr:title']}"></a>
      </li>
    </c:forEach>
  </ul>

</body>
</html>

```

- **SlingPostServlet**
 - Supports writing back data to repository (resources) without custom code
 - Maps POST parameters to property names
 - Supports additional logic that can be triggered by special parameter names
 - Make sure POST is only possible with proper authentication (delegates to repository authentication by default)

JSP Example: Post new discussion entry

JSP Script in JCR: /apps/rookiedemo/components/social/newComment/html.jsp

```

<%@taglib prefix="c" uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core"%>
<%@taglib prefix="sling" uri="http://sling.apache.org/taglibs/sling"%>
<sling:defineObjects/>

<!-- Post to "*" which means create a new resource with unique name -->
<form action="${resource.path}/discussion/*" method="POST" enctype="multipart/form-data">

  <!-- Define resource type for new node -->
  <input type="hidden" name="sling:resourceType" value="/apps/rookiedemo/components/social/comment"/>
  <!-- Ensure proper charset encoding -->
  <input type="hidden" name="_charset_" value="UTF-8"/>
  <!-- Redirect to main view after writing content -->
  <input type="hidden" name=":redirect" value="${resource.path}.html"/>

  <!-- Post to properties "author" and "text" in repository -->
  <table>
    <tr>
      <td>Your name:</td>
      <td><input type="text" name="author"/></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td>Comment:</td>
      <td><textarea name="text"/></textarea></td>
    </tr>
    <tr>
      <td></td>
      <td><input type="submit" value="Add comment"/></td>
    </tr>
  </table>

</form>

```


Servlet in OSGi Bundle: `org.adapitto.demo.rookie.components.DiscussionComment`

```
@SlingServlet(resourceTypes="/apps/rookiedemo/components/social/comment")
public class DiscussionComment extends SlingSafeMethodsServlet {

    protected void doGet(SlingHttpServletRequest pRequest, SlingHttpServletResponse pResponse)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        Writer out = pResponse.getWriter();

        // read properties via Sling API
        ValueMap props = ResourceUtil.getValueMap(pRequest.getResource());
        String author = props.get("author", "Anonymous");
        Date created = props.get("jcr:created", Date.class);
        String text = props.get("text", "");

        // output comment as HTML
        out.write("<p>");
        out.write("<em>" + StringEscapeUtils.escapeHtml4(author)
            + " (" + DateFormat.getDateInstance().format(created) + "</em></br>");
        out.write(StringEscapeUtils.escapeHtml4(text));
        out.write("</p>");

    }
}
```

The example shows the usage of Sling API for reading content from resources. Less verbose and more convenient than directly using JCR API.

Servlet in OSGi Bundle: `org.adapitto.demo.rookie.components.LikeMe`

```

@SlingServlet(resourceTypes="/apps/rookiedemo/components/talk", selectors="likeme", methods="POST")
public class LikeMe extends SlingAllMethodsServlet {

    protected void doPost(SlingHttpServletRequest pRequest, SlingHttpServletResponse pResponse)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        updateLikeCounter(pRequest);
        // return to main view
        pResponse.sendRedirect(pRequest.getResource().getPath() + ".html");
    }

    private void updateLikeCounter(SlingHttpServletRequest pRequest) throws PersistenceException {
        ValueMap props = ResourceUtil.getValueMap(pRequest.getResource());

        // check if a user with this ip address has already liked this
        String ipAddress = pRequest.getRemoteAddr();
        String[] likedAddresses = props.get("likedAddresses", new String[0]);
        if (ArrayUtils.contains(likedAddresses, ipAddress)) {
            return;
        }

        // increment like counter and store ip address
        ValueMap writeProps = pRequest.getResource().adaptTo(ModifiableValueMap.class);
        writeProps.put("likes", writeProps.get("likes", 0L) + 1);

        List<String> updatedLikedAddresses = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(likedAddresses));
        updatedLikedAddresses.add(ipAddress);
        writeProps.put("likedAddresses", updatedLikedAddresses.toArray());

        // save to repository
        pRequest.getResourceResolver().commit();
    }
}

```

Component in OSGi Bundle: org.adaptto.demo.rookie.services.CommentCleanUp

```

@Component(immediate = true, metatype = true, label = "adaptTo() Rookie Demo Comment Cleanup Service")
@Service(value = Runnable.class)
public class CommentCleanUp implements Runnable {
    @Property(value = "0 0/15 * * * ?", label = "Scheduler Expression")
    private static final String PROPERTY_CRON_EXPRESSION = "scheduler.expression";
    @Reference
    ResourceResolverFactory mResourceResolverFactory;

    public void run() {
        ResourceResolver adminResolver = mResourceResolverFactory.getAdministrativeResourceResolver(null);

        // fire query to get all comment nodes
        Iterator<Resource> comments = adminResolver.findResources("SELECT * "
            + "FROM [sling:OrderedFolder] "
            + "WHERE ISDESCENDANTNODE([/content/adaptto]) "
            + "AND [sling:resourceType]='/apps/rookiedemo/components/social/comment'", Query.JCR_SQL2);

        // iterate over all comments and remove those that have empty text
        while (comments.hasNext()) {
            Resource comment = comments.next();
            ValueMap props = ResourceUtil.getValueMap(comment);
            if (StringUtils.isEmpty(props.get("text", String.class))) {
                adminResolver.delete(comment);
            }
        }

        // save changes to repository
        if (adminResolver.hasChanges()) {
            adminResolver.commit();
        }
        adminResolver.close();
    }
}

```

Is that all Sling is?

- This was just a glimpse at some parts.
- Sling is much bigger than this.
- And it is still evolving...

Questions?

Thank you for listening
and enjoy adaptTo() 2013.