## JCR QUERIES A PRACTICAL OVERVIEW

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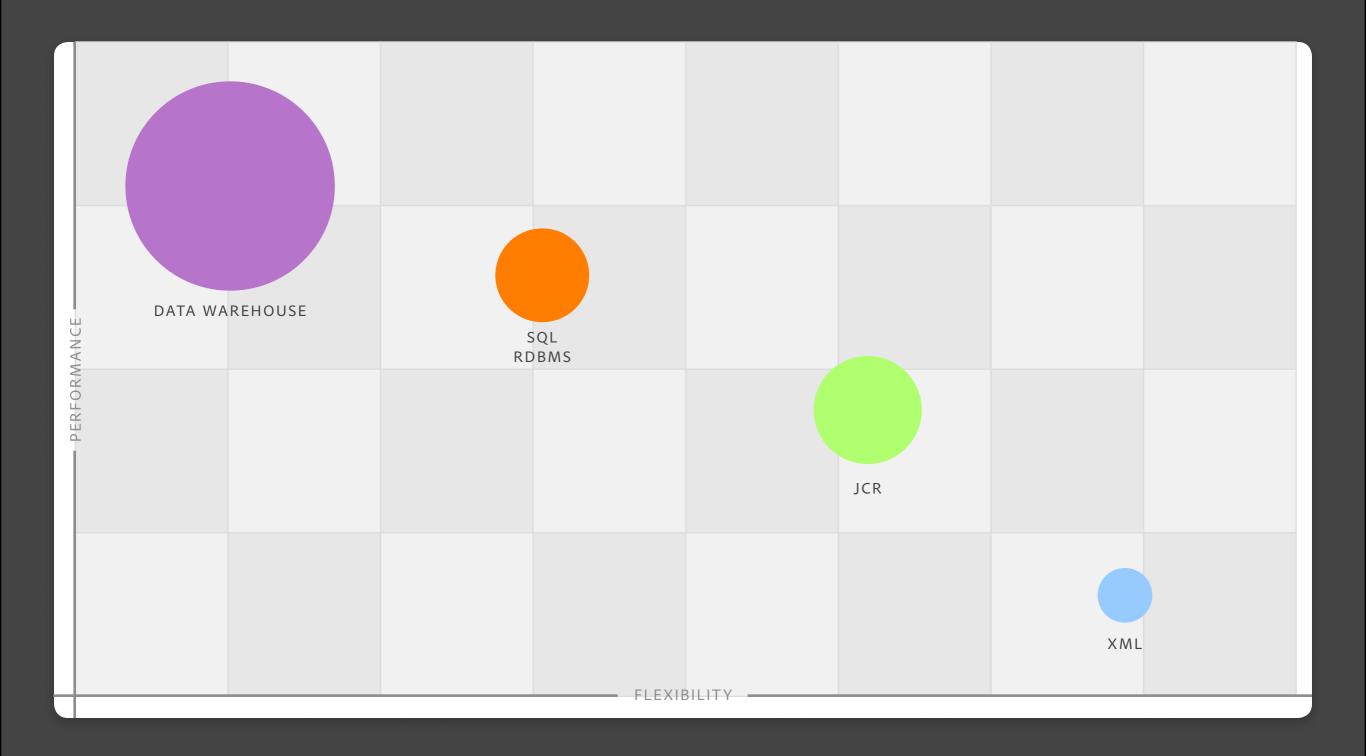
#### WARSAW TEAM



## STORAGE BACKEND GRAPH



#### STORAGE BACKEND GRAPH





### JCR CONCEPTS



#### DAVID'S MODEL

DATA FIRST, STRUCTURE LATER. MAYBE DRIVE THE CONTENT HIERACHY

ID IS EVIL REFERENCES CONSIDERED HARMFUL JCR ENTITIES
SHOULD NOT
ALWAYS BE
TREATED AS
FILE SYSTEMS
EQUIVALENTS



#### SQL - JCR COMPARISON

Tree structure must be saved as flat structure with parent-child references - Tree structures supported natively

Entity schema must be clearly defined - Entity schema can be defined as precisely as user wants - from strict field list to freeform nt:unstructured type

Preferred strict relations with foreign keys and integrity check - Strict relations possible (using Reference and Weak Reference) but path relations preferred in most solutions

Queries based on indexes, full text search available in some databases - Queries based on Lucene full text indexes



#### SOURCE OF KNOWLEDGE

HTTP://SVN.APACHE.ORG/VIEWVC/JACKRABBIT/TRUNK/JACKRABBIT-SPI-COMMONS/SRC/TEST/RESOURCES/ORG/APACHE/JACKRABBIT/SPI/
COMMONS/QUERY/SQL2/TEST.SQL2.TXT?VIEW=MARKUP

```
22 # 6.7.1 Query (p 99)
23 select * from test
24 SELECT * FROM TEST
25 | SeLeCt * FrOm test
26 select * from test where id=1
   select * from test where id=1 order by id
  select * from test order by id
29
30 # 6.7.2 Source (p 99)
31 # 6.7.3 Selector (p 100)
32 # 6.7.4 Name (p 100)
33 select * from test as t
   select * from ["Test"]
35 select * from [test]
36 select * from [test] as [t]
37 select * from test as ["t"]
38 select * from ["test"] as ["t"]
39
40 # 6.7.5 Join (p 102)
   # 6.7.6 JoinType (p 102)
  # 6.7.7 JoinCondition (p 103)
  # 6.7.8 EquiJoinCondition (p 103)
44 select * from parent inner join child on parent.id=child.parentid
45 select * from parent as p inner join child as c on p.id=c.parentid
46 select * from parent as p inner join child as c on p.id=c.parentid
   select * from parent as p left outer join child as c on p.id=c.parentid
   select * from parent as p right outer join child as c on p.id=c.parentid
```

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49

### TAR PM VS SQL PM





### DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST SCENARIO



`Category`		
(P)	id	int(11)
N	name DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)
N	path DEFAULT NULL	varchar(1000)

`Tag`		
N	product_id DEFAULT NULL	int(11)
N	name DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)

`Manufacturer`			
(P)	id	int(11)	
N	path DEFAULT NULL	varchar(1000)	
N	name DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)	
N	address DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)	
N	city DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)	
N	phone DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)	
N	email DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)	
N	freeShipment DEFAULT NULL	tinyint(1)	

`product`		
(P)	id	int(11)
N	category_id DEFAULT NULL	int(11)
N	name DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)
N	description DEFAULT NULL	varchar(10000)
N	manufacturer_id DEFAULT NULL	int(11)

`Property`		
	product_id DEFAULT NULL	int(11)
	variant_id DEFAULT NULL	int(11)
	name DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)
	intFalue DEFAULT NULL	int(11)
	floatValue DEFAULT NULL	float
	dateValue DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP	timestamp
	stringValue DEFAULT NULL	varchar(1000)
N	boolValue DEFAULT NULL	tinyint(1)

`Variant`		
(P)	id	int(11)
N	product_id DEFAULT NULL	int(11)
N	name DEFAULT NULL	varchar(100)

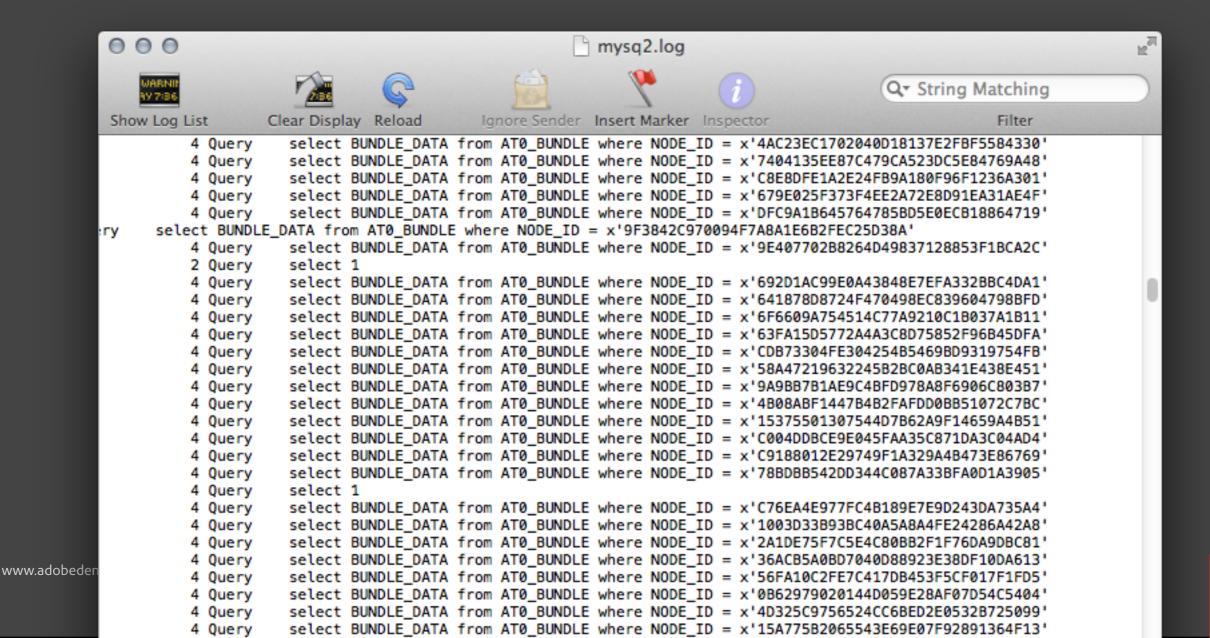


## Everything can go wrong when demoing live.

Please be forgiving.

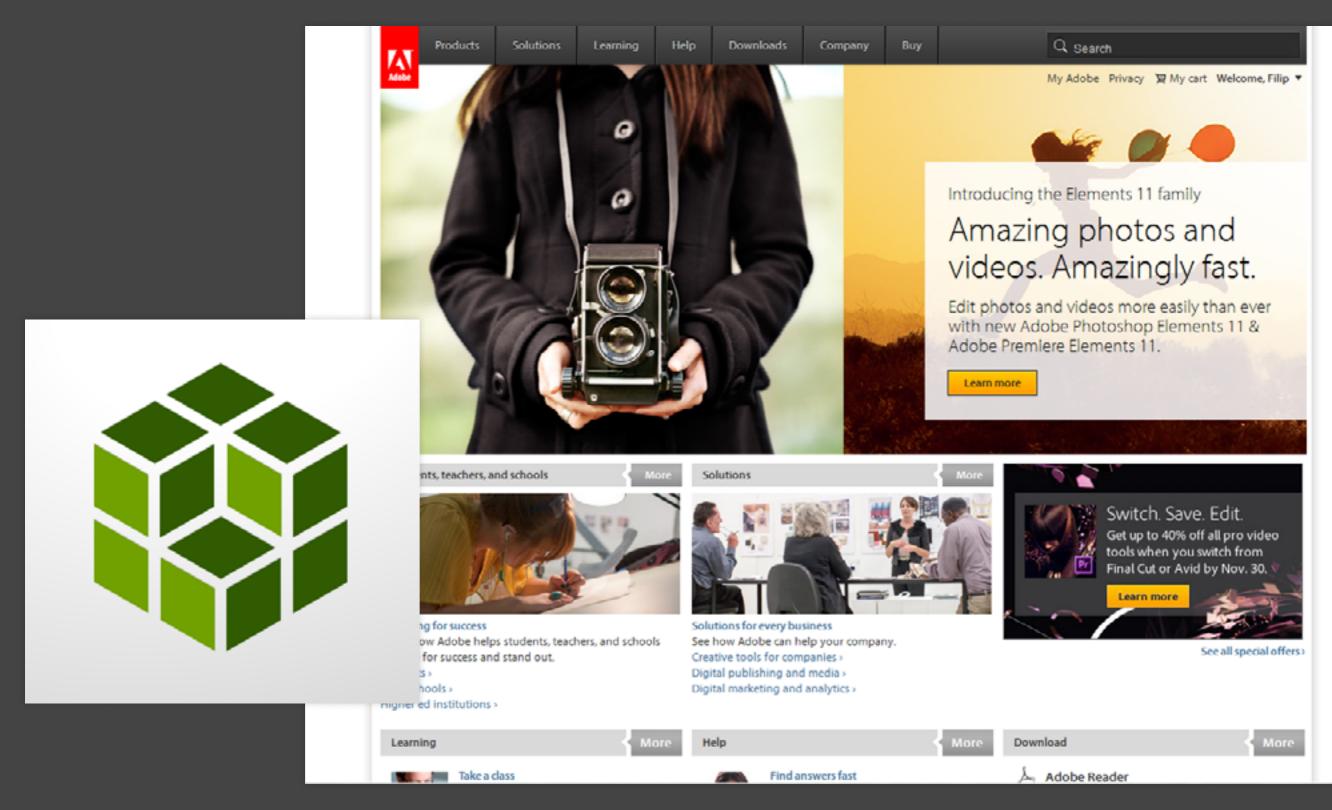


#### UNDER THE HOOD



Adobe

#### THE PROOF OF JCR POWER



# THANK YOU AND GOOD LUCK WITH JCR QUERIES!



