

adaptTo()

APACHE SLING & FRIENDS TECH MEETUP
10-12 SEPTEMBER 2018

Junit 5 and Sling/AEM Mocks
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About the Speaker

- AEM Developer
- Apache Sling PMC
- CTO of pro!vision GmbH



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JUnit 5 – Top 10 New Features

JUnit 5



#1 Visibility – Less boilerplate code

No more need
to make classes,
methods public

```
class VisibilityTest {  
  
    private MyClass underTest;  
  
    @BeforeEach  
    void setUp() {  
        underTest = new MyClass();  
    }  
  
    @Test  
    void testTheAnswer() {  
        assertEquals(42, underTest.theAnswer(),  
                    "Answer to the Ultimate Question of Life, "  
                    + "the Universe, and Everything");  
    }  
}
```



#2 Display names

```
@DisplayName("Display name demonstration")
class DisplayNameTest {
    @Test
    @DisplayName("This tests the correct answer")
    void testTheAnswer() {
        assertEquals(42, new MyClass().theAnswer());
    }

    @Test
    @DisplayName("This get's the answer wrong")
    void testTheWrongAnswer() {
        assertEquals(45, new MyClass().theAnswer());
    }
}
```

Give classes and tests nice names

Finished after 1,22 seconds

Runs:	Errors:	Failures:
5/5	0	1

Display name demonstration [Runner: JUnit 5] (0,000 s)

- ✓ This tests the correct answer (0,000 s)
- ✗ This get's the answer wrong (0,000 s)

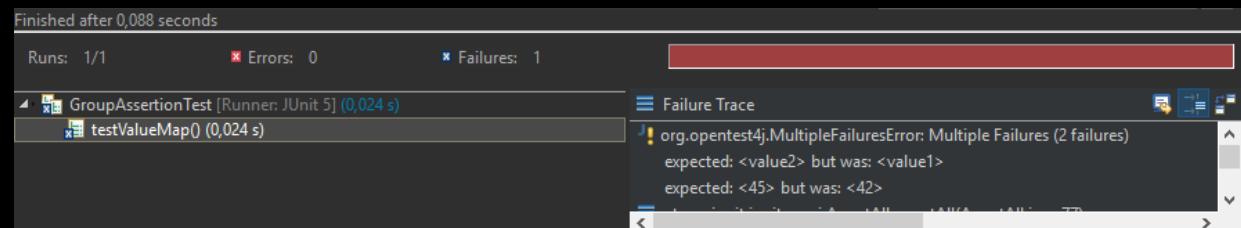


#3 Group assertions

Assert multiple conditions together

```
class GroupAssertionTest {

    @Test
    void testValueMap() {
        ValueMap props = new MyClass().getProps();
        assertAll(
            () -> assertEquals("value2", props.get("prop1", "")),
            () -> assertEquals(45, (int)props.get("prop2", 0))
        );
    }
}
```





#4 Precise exception handling

```
@Test  
void testException() {  
    MyClass underTest = new MyClass();  
    assertEquals(42, underTest.theAnswer());  
  
    assertThrows(FileNotFoundException.class, () -> {  
        underTest.readFile();  
    });  
}
```

```
@Test  
void testTimeout() {  
    MyClass underTest = new MyClass();  
  
    assertTimeout(Duration.ofMillis(500), () -> {  
        underTest.longRunningOperation();  
    });  
}
```

Instead of
@Test(expected= ...)

Instead of
@Test(timeout= ...)



#5 Tagging

Allows to filter tests by tags

```
class TaggingTest {  
  
    @Test  
    @Tag("fast")  
    void testFastOperation() {  
        assertEquals(42, new MyClass().theAnswer());  
    }  
  
    @Test  
    @Tag("slow")  
    void testSlowOperation() {  
        new MyClass().longRunningOperation();  
    }  
}
```



#6 Dependency Injection

```
@ExtendWith(AemContextExtension.class)
class DependencyInjectionTest {

    @Test
    void testDependencies(AemContext context, TestInfo testInfo) {
        MyClass underTest = new MyClass();

        context.registerService(MyClass.class, underTest);

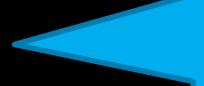
        assertEquals(42, new MyClass().theAnswer(),
                    "The answer was wrong in: " + testInfo.getDisplayName());
    }
}
```

Inject dependencies from
extensions or JUnit



#7 Conditional Test Execution

```
class ConditionalTest {  
  
    @Test  
    void runAlways() { /*...*/ }  
  
    @Test  
    @Disabled  
    void runNever() { /*...*/ }  
  
    @Test  
    @EnabledOnOs({ OS.LINUX, OS.MAC })  
    void runOnSpecificOS() { /*...*/ }  
  
    @Test  
    @DisabledOnJre(JRE.JAVA_10)  
    void runOnSpecificJRE() { /*...*/ }  
  
}
```



Environment-based
conditions
@Disabled... and
@Enabled...



#8 Repeated Tess

Repeat 5 times

```
class RepeatingTest {  
  
    @RepeatedTest(value = 5, name = "{displayName} {currentRepetition}/{totalRepetitions}")  
    void tryHardToFindTheAnswer(RepetitionInfo info) {  
        assertEquals(37 + info.getCurrentRepetition(), new MyClass().theAnswer());  
    }  
  
}
```

Finished after 0.131 seconds

Runs: 5/5	Errors: 0	Failures: 4
-----------	-----------	-------------

RepeatingTest [Runner: JUnit 5] (0,040 s)

- tryHardToFindTheAnswer(RepetitionInfo) (0,040 s)
 - tryHardToFindTheAnswer(RepetitionInfo) 1/5 (0,040 s)
 - tryHardToFindTheAnswer(RepetitionInfo) 2/5 (0,000 s)
 - tryHardToFindTheAnswer(RepetitionInfo) 3/5 (0,015 s)
 - tryHardToFindTheAnswer(RepetitionInfo) 4/5 (0,000 s)
 - tryHardToFindTheAnswer(RepetitionInfo) 5/5 (0,000 s)

Failure Trace

```
J! org.opentest4j.AssertionFailedError: expected: <38> but was: <42>  
at org.junit.jupiter.api.AssertionUtils.fail(AssertionUtils.java:54)  
at org.junit.jupiter.api.EqualsAndHashCode.failNotEqual(EqualsAndHashCode.java:195)  
at org.junit.jupiter.api.EqualsAndHashCode.assertEqual(EqualsAndHashCode.java:152)  
at org.junit.jupiter.api.EqualsAndHashCode.assertEqual(EqualsAndHashCode.java:147)
```



#9 Parameterized Tests

```
class ParameterTest {  
  
    @ParameterizedTest  
    @ValueSource(ints = { 38, 42, 55 })  
    void tryDifferentAnswers(int anAnswer) {  
        assertEquals(anAnswer, new MyClass().theAnswer());  
    }  
}
```

Run with parameters

- @ValueSource
- @EnumSource
- @MethodSource
- @CsvSource
- ...

Finished after 0,154 seconds

Runs: 3/3	Errors: 0	Failures: 2
-----------	-----------	-------------

ParameterTest [Runner: JUnit 5] (0,044 s)

tryDifferentAnswers(int) (0,044 s)

- [1] 38 (0,044 s)
- [2] 42 (0,002 s)
- [3] 55 (0,001 s)

Failure Trace

J! org.opentest4j.AssertionFailedError: expected: <38> but was: <42>
at org.junit.jupiter.api.AssertionUtils.fail(AssertionUtils.java:54)
at org.junit.jupiter.api.EqualsAndHashCode.assertEqual(EqualsAndHashCode.java:195)
at org.junit.jupiter.api.EqualsAndHashCode.assertEqual(EqualsAndHashCode.java:152)



#10 Meta annotations

Your own
“meta
annotation”

```
@Target(ElementType.TYPE)
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@ExtendWith(AemContextExtension.class)
@ExtendWith(MockitoExtension.class)
public @interface AemContextAndMockito {}
```

```
@AemContextAndMockito
class MetaAnnotationTest {
    @Mock
    private MyService service;
    @Test
    void testRegisterMockService(AemContext context) {
        context.registerService(MyService.class, service);
        assertSame(service, context.getService(MyService.class));
    }
}
```

Assigning it
applies all
extensions



#10 Meta annotations

Tagging via
meta
annotations

```
@Target({ ElementType.TYPE, ElementType.METHOD })
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@Tag("fast")
public @interface Fast {}  
  

@Target({ ElementType.TYPE, ElementType.METHOD })
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@Tag("slow")
public @interface Slow {}  
  

class MetaAnnotationTagTest {
    @Test @Fast
    void testFastOperation() {
        assertEquals(42, new MyClass().theAnswer());
    }
    @Test @Slow
    void testSlowOperation() {
        new MyClass().longRunningOperation();
    }
}
```



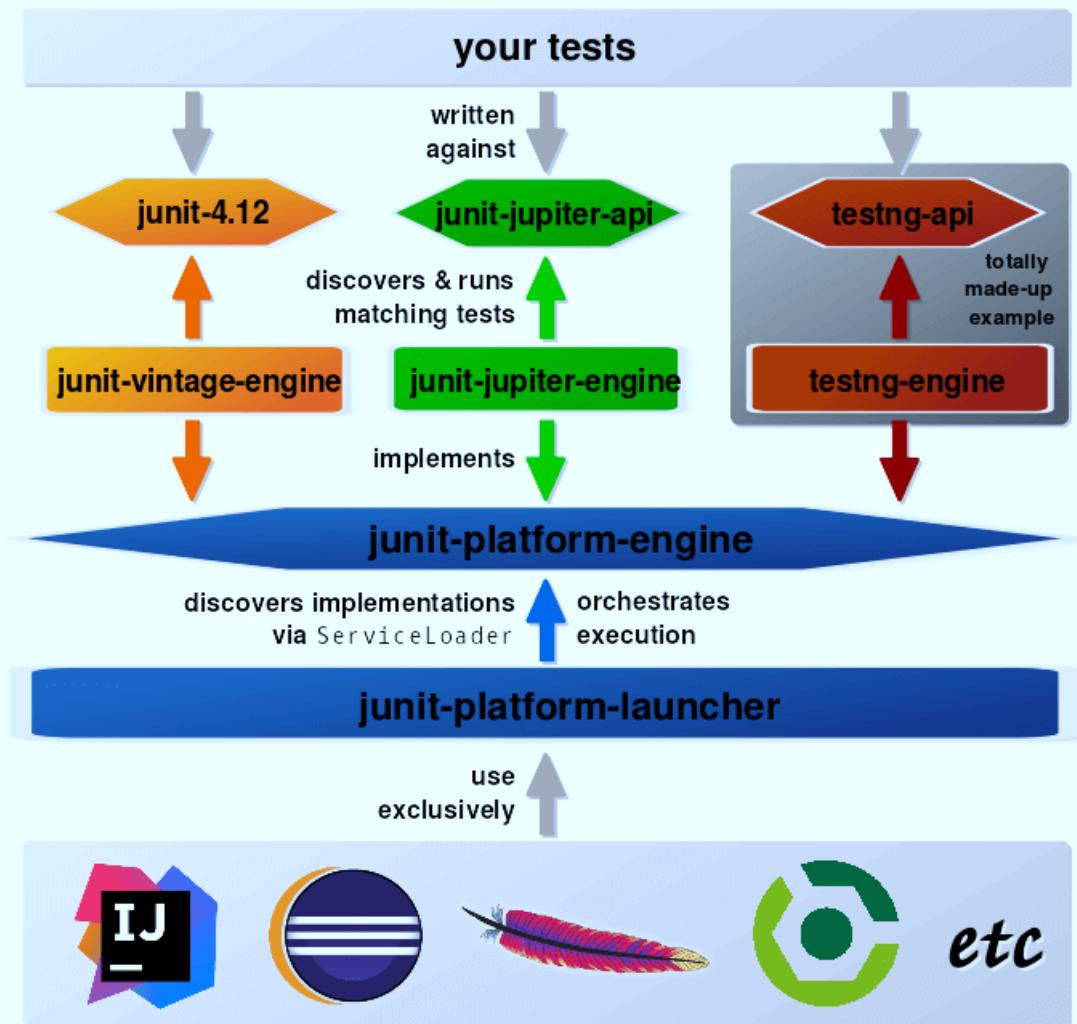
JUnit 5 – Architecture

JUnit 5



JUnit 5

Modular Architecture





Core Principle

- “Prefer extension points over features”
- Very good extensibility
- Example:
 - JUnit 5 provides only “classic” assertions
 - Use libs like AssertJ, Hamcrest, Thruth for complex assertions



JUnit 5 – Tooling

JUnit 5



JUnit 5 Tooling support

- Maven Surefire Plugin ✓
- Mockito ✓
- IDEs like Eclipse, IntelliJ ✓
- Plugins for Eclipse Infinitest ✓ MoreUnit ✘
- Sling Mocks, AEM Mocks ✓



Maven Dependencies

```
<dependencyManagement>
  <dependencies>

    <dependency>
      <groupId>org.junit</groupId>
      <artifactId>junit-bom</artifactId>
      <version>5.3.0</version>
      <type>pom</type>
      <scope>import</scope>
    </dependency>

  </dependencies>
</dependencyManagement>
```

“Bill of Material”
Defines all
versions

```
<dependencies>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>
    <artifactId>junit-jupiter-api</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>
    <artifactId>junit-jupiter-params</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.junit.jupiter</groupId>
    <artifactId>junit-jupiter-engine</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
  </dependency>
  <!-- Only required for JUnit 4 compatibility -->
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.junit.vintage</groupId>
    <artifactId>junit-vintage-engine</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

JUnit 4 and 5
side-by-side



JUnit 5 – Sling & AEM Mocks

JUnit 5



OSGi, Sling & AEM Mocks

- JUnit 5 support since August 2018
- We got “modular”, too:
 - Core
 - JUnit 4
 - JUnit 5

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>io.wcm</groupId>
    <artifactId>io.wcm.testing.aem-mock.junit5</artifactId>
    <version>2.3.2</version>
</dependency>

<dependency>
    <groupId>io.wcm</groupId>
    <artifactId>io.wcm.testing.aem-mock.junit4</artifactId>
    <version>2.3.2</version>
</dependency>
```



Using AemContext in JUnit 5

Define
@ExtendWith

Use “junit5” package

No @Rule
required

```
import io.wcm.testing.mock.aem.junit5.AemContext;
import io.wcm.testing.mock.aem.junit5.AemContextExtension;

@ExtendWith(AemContextExtension.class)
class MyUnitTest {

    private AemContext context = new AemContext();

    @BeforeEach
    void setUp() { /*...*/ }

    @Test
    void testMyCode() { /*...*/ }

}
```

Optional:
RESOURCERESOLVER_MOCK
JCR_MOCK
JCR_OAK



Using AemContext as method parameter

Contributed by
Karol
Lewandowski

```
import io.wcm.testing.mock.aem.junit5.AemContext;
import io.wcm.testing.mock.aem.junit5.AemContextExtension;

@ExtendWith(AemContextExtension.class)
class MyUnitTest {

    @BeforeEach
    void setUp(AemContext context) {
        // ...
    }

    @Test
    void testMyCode(AemContext context) {
        // ...
    }
}
```

Alternative:
Pass in `AemContext`
as method parameter

You can also use:
`JcrMockAemContext`
`JcrOakAemContext`
to switch resource
resolver type *

* Switching resource resolver type via method parameters currently only supported in AEM Mocks



Using AemContextBuilder

```
@ExtendWith(AemContextExtension.class)
class MyUnitTest {

    private AemContext context = new AemContextBuilder()
        // register plugins
        .plugin(CACONFIG)
        .plugin(WCMIO_CACONFIG)
        // shared context setup code for all tests
        .<AemContext>afterSetUp(context -> {
            // register sling models
            context.addModelsForPackage("to.adapt.junit5demo");
        })
        .build();

    @BeforeEach
    void setUp() { /*...*/ }
    @Test
    void testMyCode() { /*...*/ }
}
```

Using
AemContextBuilder
not possible when
passing in as method
parameters

Recommendation:
make this code reusable
in a separate class



Migrating AEM/Sling Mocks Unit Tests

- It's easy to migrate JUnit 4 tests to JUnit 5
- See wiki page

<https://wcm-io.atlassian.net/wiki/x/AYAmJ>



Demo

- Migrate AEM Mock Unit Test to JUnit 5



LIVE
DEMO

A large, solid blue circle with a white outline. Inside the circle, the words "LIVE DEMO" are written in white, bold, sans-serif capital letters.



Same for OSGi Mock, Sling Mock

- In slides and demo we used only AEM Mocks
- But same applies also when using
 - OSGi Mocks
 - Sling Mocks

Future plans

- What JUnit 5 features do **you** want to use with AEM/Sling Mocks?
- Get in touch with us (mailing lists)



References

JUnit 5



Related adaptTo() talks

- adaptTo() 2016:
Unit Testing with Sling & AEM Mocks
- adaptTo() 2015:
So how do I test my Sling application?
- adaptTo() 2014:
Lightning Talk: Mock AEM & Co for Unit Tests



References

- wcm.io AEM Mocks
<http://wcm.io/testing/aem-mock/>
- Apache Sling Mocks
<http://sling.apache.org/documentation/development/sling-mock.html>
<http://sling.apache.org/documentation/development/osgi-mock.html>
<http://sling.apache.org/documentation/development/jcr-mock.html>
- JUnit 5
<https://junit.org/junit5/>
- Need Help? Use the Apache Sling or wcm.io Mailing Lists
<https://sling.apache.org/project-information.html#mailing-lists>
<http://wcm.io/mailing-lists.html>
- Demo code for this talk
<https://github.com/adaptto/2018-junit5-and-sling-aem-mocks>